

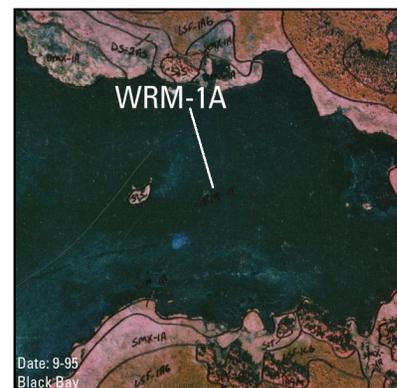
WRM - Wild Rice Marsh



Photo credit: Kevin Hop

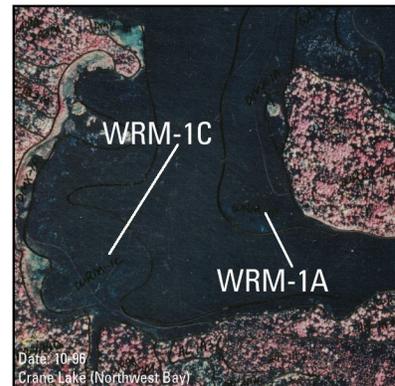
The Wild Rice Marsh Map Unit (WRM) represents the Wild Rice Marsh Association. This association is typically found in sheltered and isolated bays along the shores of the large lakes. These sites are permanently flooded with water 0.5 - 2 meters deep. Wild rice is the dominant species, but other emergent graminoids may be present at low cover. A variety of submersed aquatic plants may also be found. This association is also mapped as part of the Deep Marsh Mosaic/Complex (DMX) when it occurs in a mosaic pattern with other deep marsh herbaceous types, or when it cannot be confidently recognized on the aerial photographs from the other deep marsh types.

WRM-1A is barely visible in this photo as pale blue splotches surrounded by dark water. Although it is difficult to see on this photo, the coverage is continuous and evenly distributed. The stereo photo reveals the wild rice bed more clearly. The photo was taken in September 1995.



WRM - Wild Rice Marsh

WRM-1C is barely discernable. The coverage is continuous and gradational, with higher densities nearer to shore. The patchy light blue areas are all that remains of the existing bed in October 1996, when this photo was taken.



As in the photo above, WRM-1C is barely discernable. The patchy light bluish areas are all that remain of the existing bed. This photo was taken in October 1996.



Area Report for WRM Map Unit

Polygons: 38
Hectares: 267
Acres: 661
Average size: 7 hectares, 17 acres

Accuracy Assessment Results for WRM Map Unit

The Wild Rice Marsh Map Unit was assessed at 88% producers' accuracy (confidence interval 72-104%) and 68% users' accuracy (confidence interval 50-87%). Errors in producers' accuracy were primarily associated with Map Unit PW. Users' accuracy is considered adequate as mapped.